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PROPOSITION .2 *Anosov tori in M^3 are incompressible*

PROPOSITION .3 *The only nilmanifold M^3 containing an Anosov torus is \mathbb{T}^3*

Case $\Gamma = M$

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PROPOSITION .4 : \mathcal{F}^{su} is a minimal foliation.

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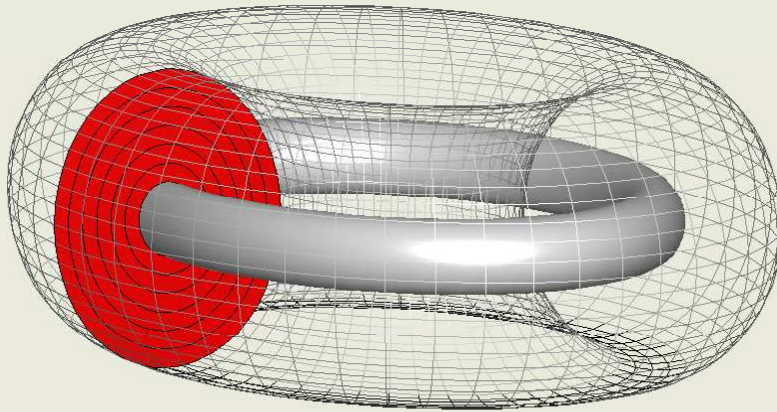
PROPOSITION .5 : \mathcal{F}^{su} is a foliation by cylinders.

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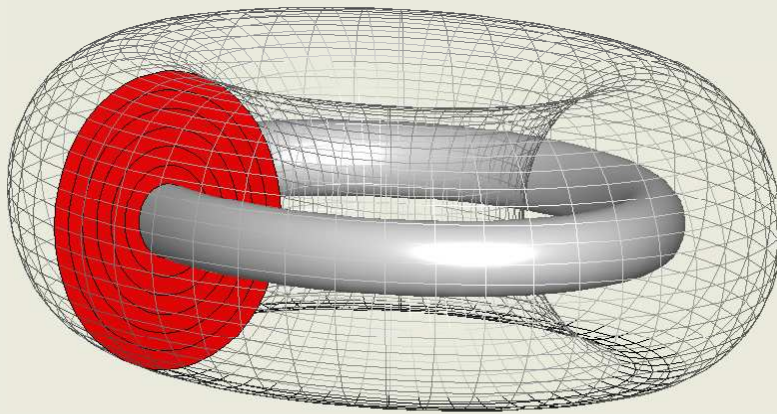


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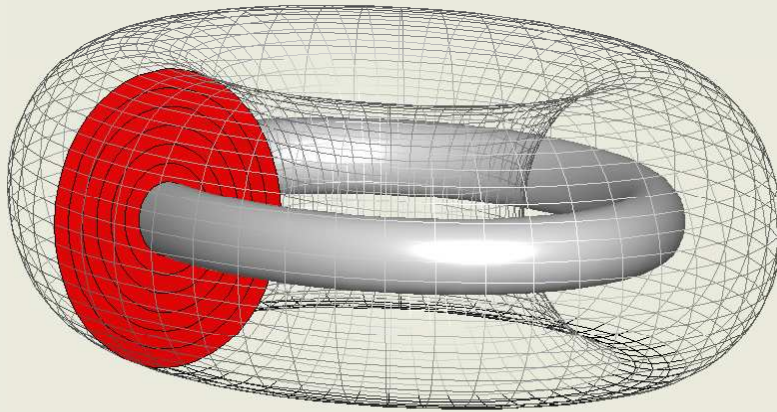


PROPOSITION .6 $f_* = A$ is hyperbolic on $H_1(N, \mathbb{Z})$
and $h \circ f = A \circ h$ for some $h : N \rightarrow \mathbb{T}^2$

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PROPOSITION .6 $f_* = A$ is hyperbolic on $H_1(N, \mathbb{Z})$
and $h \circ f = A \circ h$ for some $h : N \rightarrow \mathbb{T}^2$
+ extra work \rightarrow CONTRADICTION

The End

definitions

Anosov torus

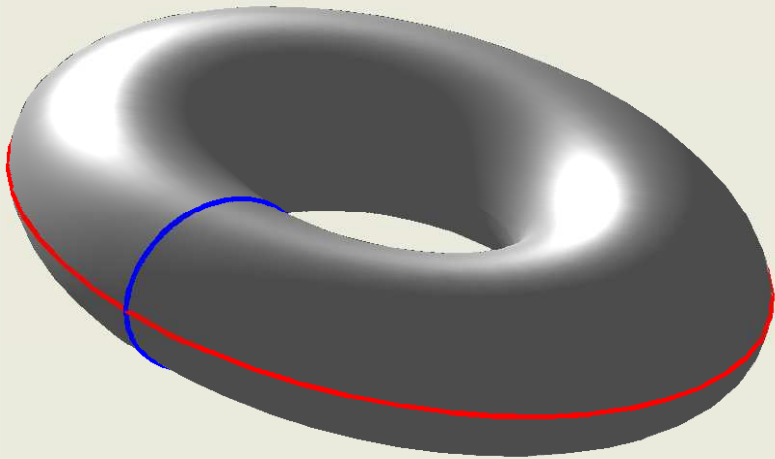
T is an Anosov torus if there is

$$g : M \rightarrow M$$

such that $g|_T$ is Anosov.

incompressible

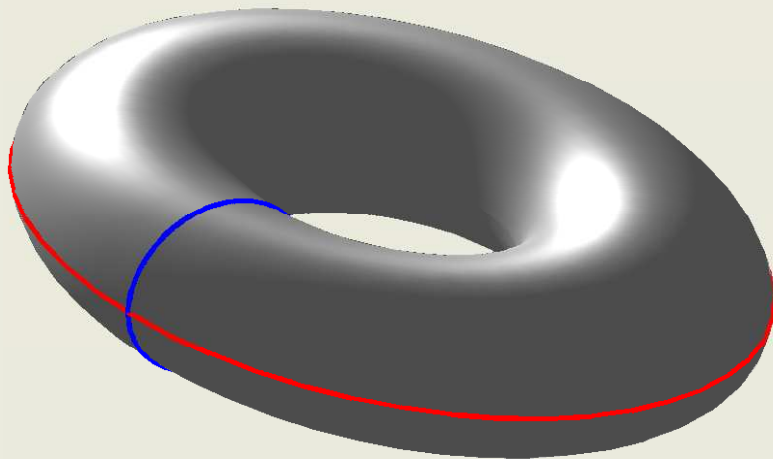
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 $i_{\#} : \pi_1(T) \rightarrow \pi_1(M)$ is injective



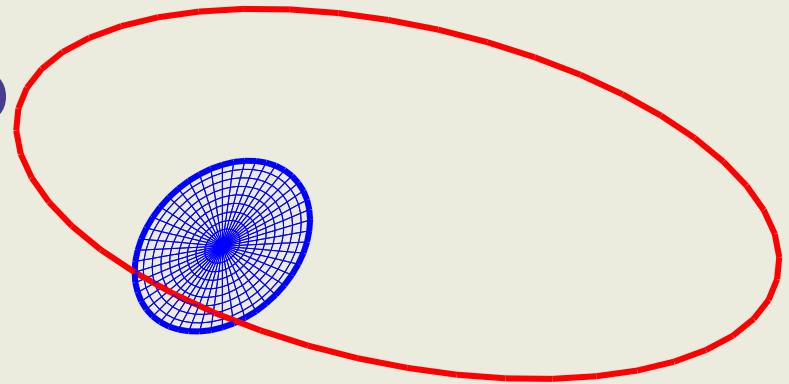
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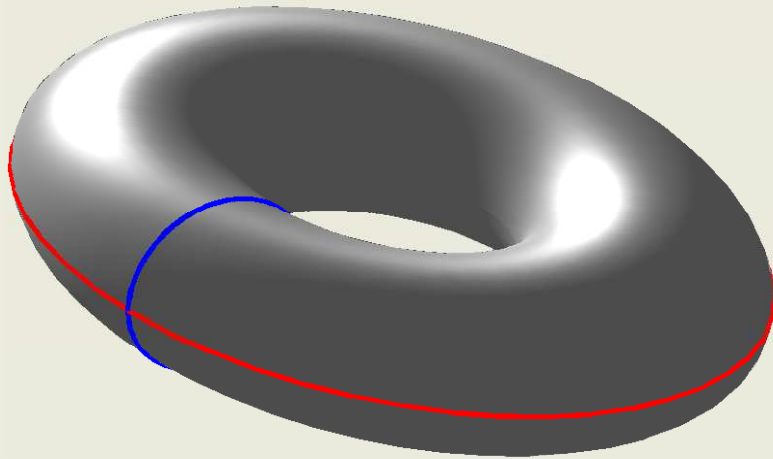
→ NO



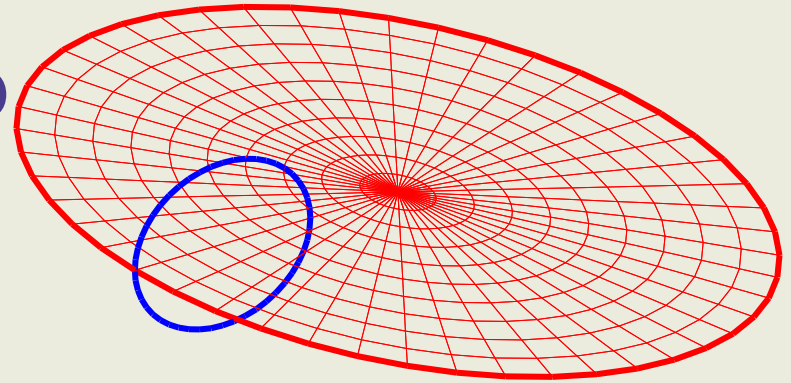
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minimal foliation

\mathcal{F} is a minimal foliation if every leaf is dense

propositions

proposition 1 - case $\emptyset \subsetneq \Gamma \subsetneq M$

- ▶ $\text{Per}(f)$ is dense in $\partial^c \Gamma$ (RH,RH,U '05)

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- ▶ If $\pi_1(M)$ is nilpotent, then there is L that is an Anosov torus

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proposition 4 - case $\Gamma = M$

- ▶ $\overline{\{f^n(L) : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}} = M$ for all leaves L of \mathcal{F}^{su}

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- ▶ $\pi_1(M)$ has sub-exponential growth

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- ▶ $\Rightarrow K = M$

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proposition 5 - case $\Gamma = M$

► $\exists \mu$ such that $\text{supp} \mu = M$ (Plante '75)

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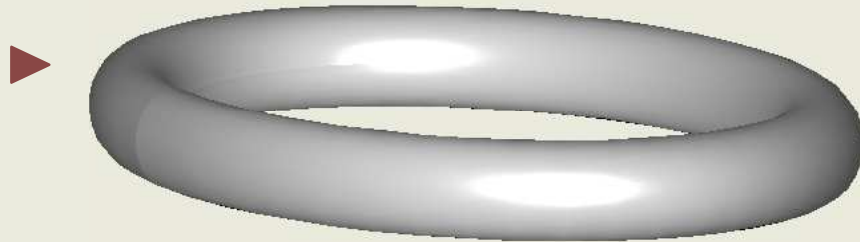
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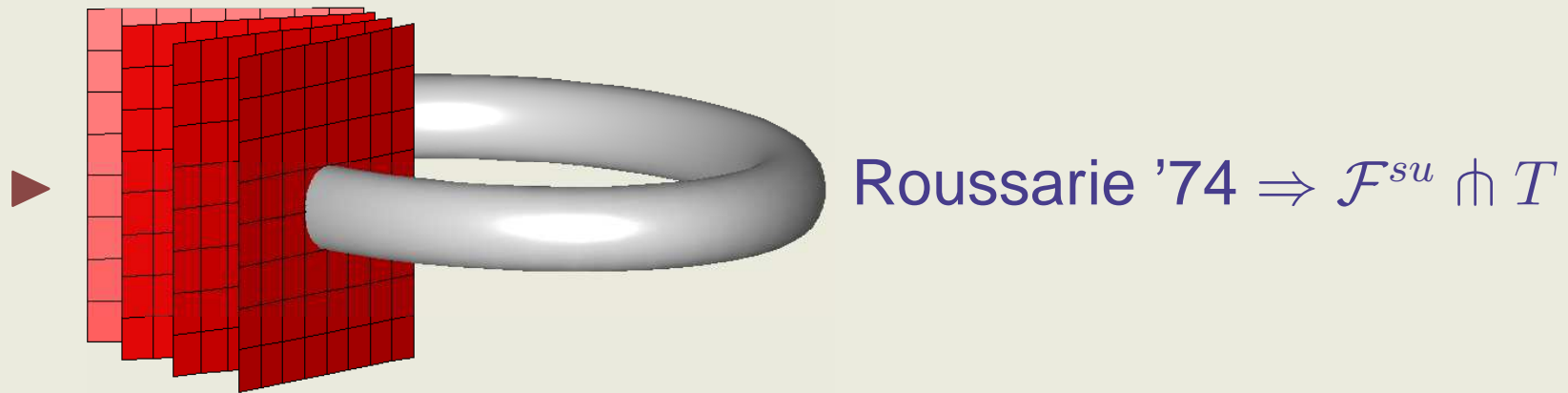


T incompressible torus

$$\mathbb{T}^2 \times [0, 1]$$

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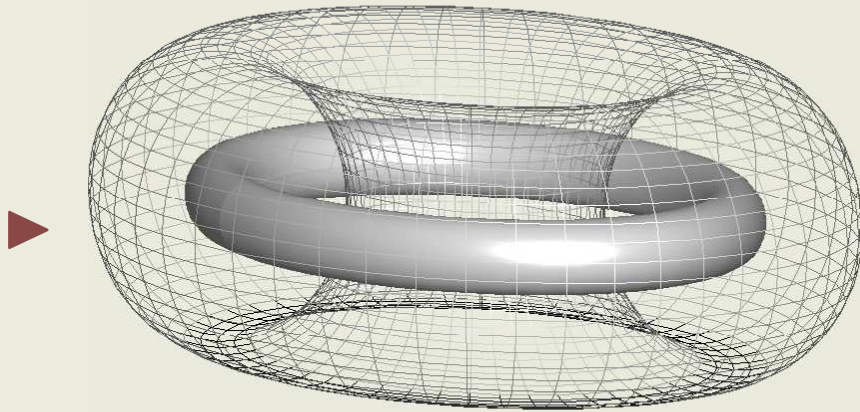
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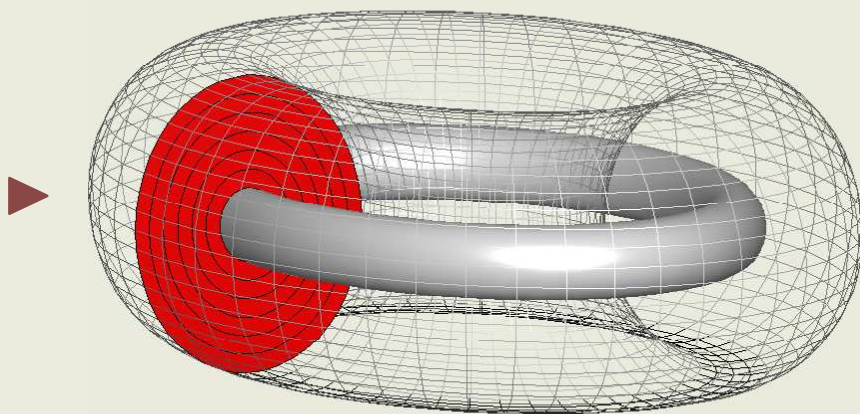
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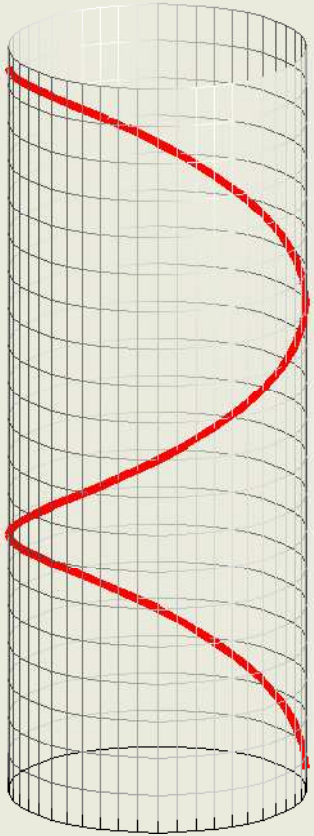


$$N = \mathbb{T}^2 \times [0, 1] / (x, 0) \sim (Ax, 1)$$

$$\text{where } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & k \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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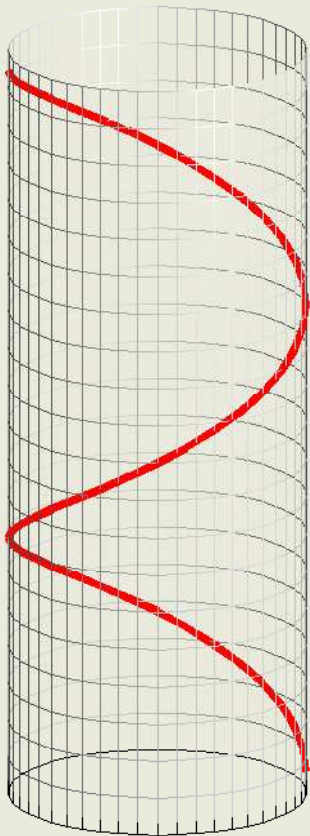
extra work



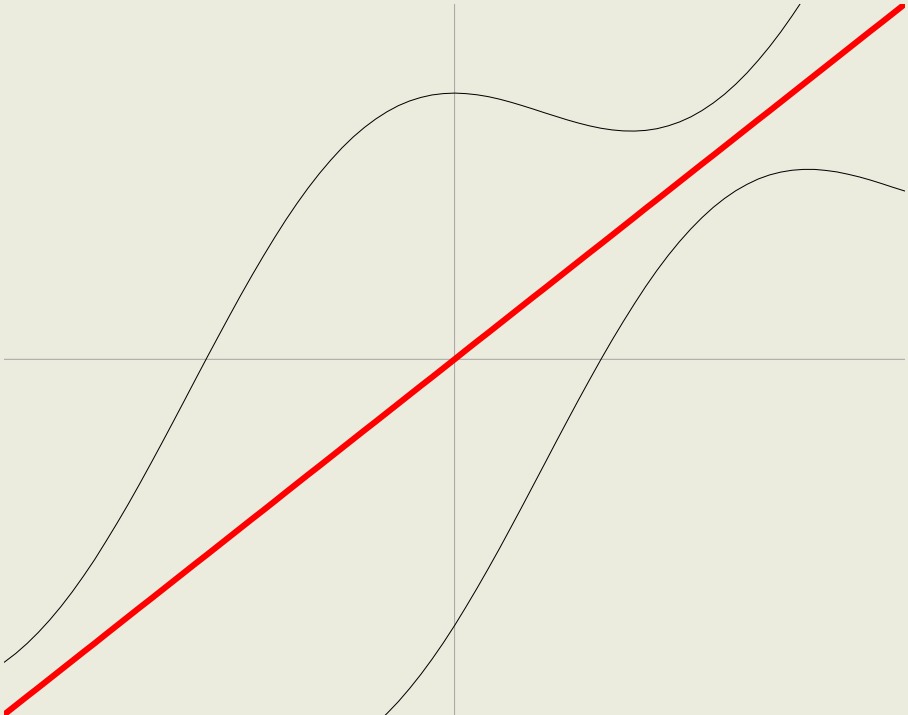
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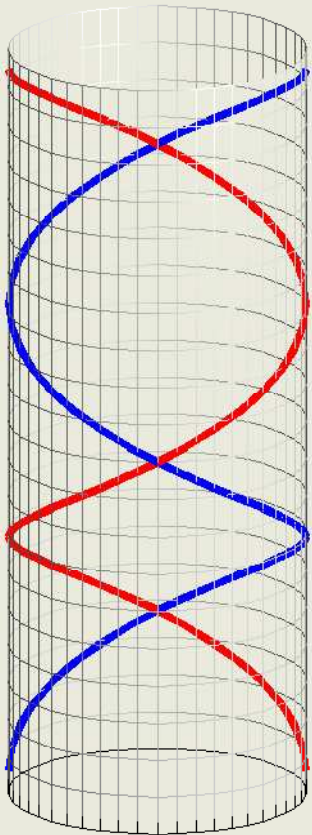
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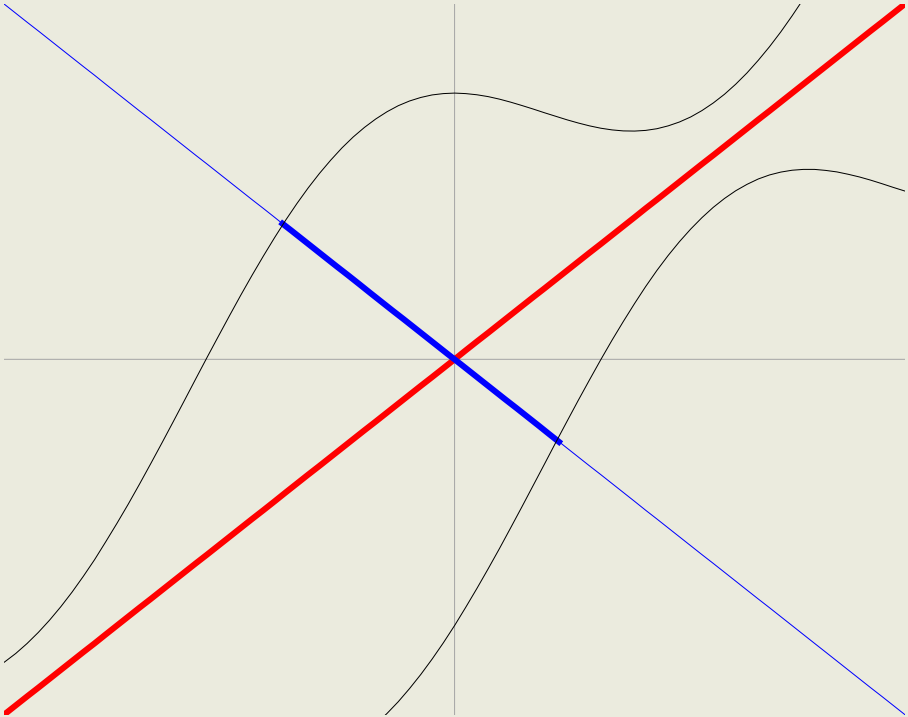
$$h : F^{su}(x) \rightarrow \mathbb{T}^2$$

$$\tilde{h} : F^{su}(x) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

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